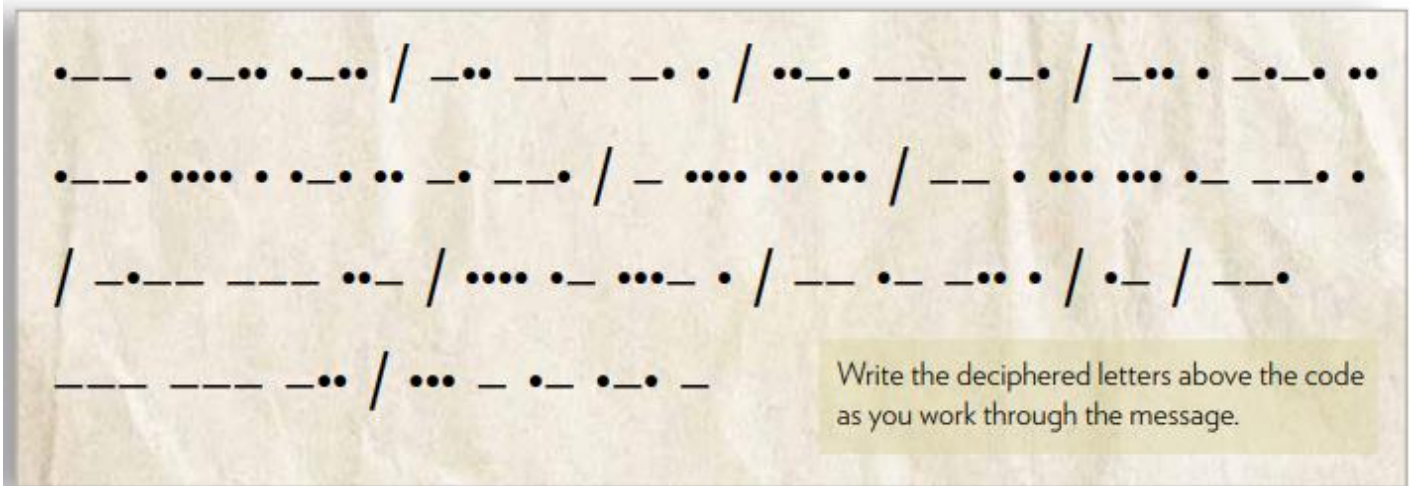


MORSE CODE

Morse code is a type of code that is used to send telegraphic information using rhythm. Morse code uses *dots* and *dashes* to show the alphabet letters, numbers, punctuation and special characters of a given message. When messages are sent by Morse code, dots are short beeps or clicks or flashes, and dashes are longer ones. Morse code is named after Samuel Morse, who helped invent it. It is not used as much today as it was in the 19th and 20th centuries.

There are three different symbols in Morse code; there's a short one, usually called 'dit', a long one, called 'dah', and the pause. A dah is three times as long as a dit, and the pause has the same length as the dit.



- A ●—
- B —●●●
- C —●—●
- D —●●
- E ●
- F ●●—●
- G ——●
- H ●●●●
- I ●●
- J ●—
- K —●—
- L ●—●●
- M ——
- N —●
- O ——
- P ●—●●
- Q ——●—
- R ●—●
- S ●●●
- T —
- U ●●—
- V ●●●—
- W ●—
- X —●●—
- Y —●—
- Z ——●●

Decipher the message then have a go at writing your own. You could have a go at communicating your message with a buzzer or torch if you have one.