**Complaints Policy**

#### Signed off by: DSAT Trust Board

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## Who can make a complaint?

This complaints procedure is not limited to parents or carers of children that are registered at the school. Any person, including members of the public, may make a complaint to the Academy about any provision of facilities or services that we provide. Unless complaints are dealt with under separate statutory procedures (such as appeals relating to exclusions or admissions), we will use this complaints procedure.

## The difference between a concern and a complaint

A concern may be defined as ‘*an expression of worry or doubt over an issue considered to be important for which reassurances are sought’*.

A complaint may be defined as ‘*an expression of dissatisfaction however made, about actions taken or a lack of action*’.

It is in everyone’s interest that concerns and complaints are resolved at the earliest possible stage. Many issues can be resolved informally, without the need to use the formal stages of the complaints procedure. <Academy Name> takes concerns seriously and will make every effort to resolve the matter as quickly as possible.

If you have difficulty discussing a concern with a particular member of staff, we will respect your views. In these cases, the Headteacher/Head of School will refer you to another staff member. Similarly, if the member of staff directly involved feels unable to deal with a concern, the Headteacher/Head of School will refer you to another staff member. The member of staff may be more senior but does not have to be. The ability to consider the concern objectively and impartially is more important.

We understand however, that there are occasions when people would like to raise their concerns formally. In this case, <Academy Name> will attempt to resolve the issue internally, through the stages outlined within this complaints procedure.

## How to raise a concern or make a complaint

A concern or complaint can be made in person, in writing or by telephone. They may also be made by a third party acting on behalf on a complainant, as long as they have appropriate signed written consent to do so.

Complaints against school staff (except the Headteacher/ Head of School) should be made in the first instance to the Headteacher/ Head of School via the school office***.*** Please mark them as Private and Confidential.

Complaints that involve or are about the Headteacher/Head of School should be addressed to Nevine Towers, Head of Business and Operations via email; ntowers@dsat.education. Please mark them as Private and Confidential.

Complaints about Local School Board members should be addressed to the Head of Business and Operations via email; ntowers@dsat.education. Please mark them as Private and Confidential.

Complaints about the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or a trustee of DSAT, should be addressed to the Chair of the Trust via the DSAT head office via email; ntowers@dsat.education. Please mark them as Private and Confidential.

For ease of use, a template complaint form is included at the end of this procedure. If you require help in completing the form, please contact the school office. You can also ask a third-party organisation for example like the Citizens Advice to help you.

In accordance with equality law, we will consider making reasonable adjustments if required, to enable complainants to access and complete this complaints procedure. For instance, providing information in alternative formats, assisting complainants in raising a formal complaint or holding meetings in accessible locations.

## Anonymous complaints

We will not normally investigate anonymous complaints. However, the Headteacher/Head of School and/or the CEO, if appropriate, will determine whether the complaint warrants an investigation.

## Time scales

You must raise the complaint within three months of the incident or, where a series of associated incidents have occurred, within three months of the last of these incidents. We will only consider complaints made outside of this time frame if exceptional circumstances apply.

## Complaints received outside of term time

We will consider complaints made outside of term time to have been received on the first school day after the holiday period.

## Scope of this complaints procedure

This procedure covers all complaints about any provision of community facilities or services by <Academy Name>, other than complaints that are dealt with under other statutory procedures, including those listed below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Exceptions** | **Who to contact** |
| * Admissions to schools
 | Concerns about admissions should be handled through a separate process – either through the appeals process or via the local authority. |
| * Matters likely to require a Child Protection Investigation
 | Complaints about child protection matters are handled under our child protection and safeguarding policy and in accordance with relevant statutory guidance.If you have serious concerns, you may wish to contact the local authority designated officer (LADO) who has local responsibility for safeguarding or the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH). |
| * Exclusion of children from school\*
 | Further information about raising concerns about exclusion can be found at: [www.gov.uk/school-discipline-exclusions/exclusions](http://www.gov.uk/school-discipline-exclusions/exclusions). *\*complaints about the application of the behaviour policy can be made through the school’s complaints procedure.* *<link to school behaviour policy>.* |
| * SEN
 | The Local Authority has a statutory duty under the SEN Code of Practice in supporting children, young people and parents in managing mediation, appeals to the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability), exclusions and complaints on matters related to SEN and disability. A complaint made about SEN provision at the school and/or reasonable adjustments can be dealt with under this complaints procedure. |
| * Whistleblowing
 | We have an internal whistleblowing procedure for all our employees, including temporary staff and contractors.The Secretary of State for Education is the prescribed person for matters relating to education for whistle-blowers in education who do not want to raise matters direct with their employer. Referrals can be made at: [www.education.gov.uk/contactus](http://www.education.gov.uk/contactus).Volunteer staff who have concerns about our school should complain through the school’s complaints procedure.  |
| * Staff grievances
 | Complaints from staff will be dealt with under the school’s internal grievance procedures.  |
| * Staff conduct
 | Complaints about staff will be dealt with under the school’s internal disciplinary procedures, if appropriate.Complainants will not be informed of any disciplinary action taken against a staff member as a result of a complaint. However, the complainant will be notified that the matter is being addressed under the appropriate procedures. |

If other bodies are investigating aspects of the complaint, for example the police, local authority (LA) safeguarding teams or Tribunals, this may impact on our ability to adhere to the timescales within this procedure or result in the procedure being suspended until those public bodies have completed their investigations. If this happens, we will inform you of a proposed new timescale.

If a complainant commences legal action against <Academy Name> in relation to their complaint, we will consider whether to suspend the complaints procedure until those legal proceedings have concluded.

If the complaint is considered to be unreasonably persistent, vexatious, harassing or vexatious it will be dealt with in accordance to the procedure outlined at Appendix 1.

Representatives from the media are not permitted to attend any part of the complaints proceedings and recordings cannot be made under any circumstances by any party without explicit prior permission.

## Resolving complaints

At each stage in the procedure, DSAT wants to resolve the complaint. If appropriate, we will acknowledge that the complaint is upheld in whole or in part. In addition, we may offer one or more of the following:

* an explanation
* an admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better
* an assurance that we will try to ensure the event complained of will not recur
* an explanation of the steps that have been or will be taken to help ensure that it will not happen again and an indication of the timescales within which any changes will be made
* an undertaking to review school policies in light of the complaint
* an apology.

## Withdrawal of a complaint

If a complainant wants to withdraw their complaint, we will ask them to confirm this in writing without delay.

## Stage 1 – Informal complaints

It is to be hoped that most concerns can be expressed and resolved on an informal basis.

Concerns should be raised with either the class teacher or Headteacher/Head of School. Complainants should not approach individual local school board members to raise concerns or complaints. They have no power to act on an individual basis, unless specifically designated to investigate by the CEO, and it may also prevent them from considering complaints at Stage 3 of the procedure.

At the conclusion of their investigation, the appropriate person investigating the complaint will provide an informal response (which may be an email, meeting, or letter) within 10 school days of the date of receipt of the complaint.

If the issue remains unresolved, the next step is to make a formal complaint.

## Stage 2 – Formal complaints

Formal complaints must be made to the Headteacher/ Head of School (unless they are about the Headteacher/ Head of School), via the school office. This may be done in person or in writing using the Complaint Form.

The Headteacher/ Head of School will record the date the complaint is received and will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in writing (either by letter or email) within 10 school days. Please note that where a complaint is received in school holidays, the process of dealing with the complaint is unlikely to begin until at least the first school day after the holidays.

Within this response, the Headteacher/ Head of School will seek to clarify the nature of the complaint, ask what remains unresolved and what outcome the complainant would like to see.

The Headteacher/Head of School can consider whether a face to face meeting is the most appropriate way of doing this.

*Note: The Headteacher/Head of School may delegate the investigation to another member of the Trust’s senior leadership team but not the decision to be taken, unless specifically agreed by the CEO.*

During the investigation, the Headteacher/Head of School (or investigator) will:

* if necessary, interview those involved in the matter and/or those complained of, allowing them to be accompanied if they wish
* keep a written record of any meetings/interviews in relation to their investigation.

At the conclusion of their investigation, the Headteacher/Head of School will provide a formal written response usually within 15 school days of the date of receipt of the complaint.

If the Headteacher/Head of School is unable to meet this deadline, for example due to school holiday closures, they will provide the complainant with an update and revised response date.

The response will detail any actions taken to investigate the complaint and provide a full explanation of the decision made and the reason(s) for it. Where appropriate, it will include details of actions <Academy Name> will take to resolve the complaint.

The Headteacher/Head of School will advise the complainant of how to escalate their complaint should they remain dissatisfied with the outcome of Stage 2.

If the complaint is about the Headteacher/Head of School, or a member of the local school board (including the Chair or Vice-Chair), a suitably skilled local school board member or senior leader within the Trust will be appointed to complete all the actions at Stage 2.

There may be limited occasions where the nature of the complaint is sufficiently serious, or timescales may need to be expediated to reach swift resolution, in which the CEO will determine that it is appropriate to escalate to Stage 3 rather than investigating at Stage 2. If this is the case, it will be communicated to the complainant and there will remain a right to appeal the decision taken at Stage 3 to the Trust board.

Complaints about the Headteacher/Head of School or member of the local school board must be made to the DSAT Head of Business and Operations, by email to ntowers@dsat.education

If the complaint is:

* jointly about the Chair and Vice Chair or
* the entire local school board or
* the majority of the local school board
* considered serious and substantive and is about the Executive Head/Headteacher/Head of School;

then stage 2 will be escalated to the CEO of DSAT who will determine which suitably skilled local school board member or senior leader(s) within the Trust will be appointed to complete all the actions at Stage 2.

## Stage 3 – Panel Hearing

If the complainant is dissatisfied with the outcome at Stage 2 and wishes to take the matter further, they can escalate the complaint to Stage 3 – a panel hearing consisting of at least three people within the Trust who were not directly involved in the matters detailed in the complaint (with at least one panel member who is independent of the management and running of the school i.e. a senior leader within the Trust). The CEO will determine the panel members. The complainant may be asked to attend the meeting and/or submit their written representations. This is the final stage of the complaints procedure.

A request to escalate to Stage 3 must be made to the DSAT Head of Business and Operations, within 10 school days of receipt of the Stage 2 response.

The DSAT Head of Business and Operations will record the date the complaint is received and acknowledge receipt of the complaint in writing (either by letter or email) within 10 school days.

Requests received outside of this time frame will only be considered if exceptional circumstances apply.

The DSAT Head of Business and Operations will aim to convene a panel within 15 school days of receipt of the Stage 2 request depending on the availability of all parties. If this is not possible, the DSAT Head of Business and Operations will provide an anticipated date and keep the complainant informed.

The panel may proceed with the hearing on the basis of written submissions from both parties in the interests of concluding the matter swiftly.

If the complaint is:

* jointly about the Chair and Vice Chair or
* the entire local school board or
* the majority of the local school board

Stage 3 will be heard by the CEO and independent (from the school) panel members.

If the chair of the panel determines that they should attend the hearing, the complainant may bring someone along to the panel meeting to provide support. This can be a relative or friend. Generally, we do not encourage either party to bring legal representatives to the panel meeting. However, there may be occasions when legal representation is appropriate.

For instance, if a school employee is called as a witness in a complaint meeting, they may wish to be supported by union and/or legal representation.

*Note: Complaints about staff conduct will not generally be handled under this complaints procedure. Complainants will be advised that any staff conduct complaints will be considered under (Human Resources) staff disciplinary procedures, if appropriate, but outcomes will not be shared with them.*

Any written material will be circulated to all parties at least 5 school days before the date of the meeting. The panel will not normally accept, as evidence, recordings of conversations that were obtained covertly and without the informed consent of all parties being recorded.

The panel will also not review any new complaints at this stage or consider evidence unrelated to the initial complaint to be included. New complaints must be dealt with from Stage 1 of the procedure.

The meeting will be held in private. Electronic recordings of meetings or conversations are not normally permitted unless a complainant’s own disability or special needs require it. Prior knowledge and consent of all parties attending must be sought before meetings or conversations take place. Consent will be recorded in any minutes taken.

The panel will consider the complaint and all the evidence presented. The panel can:

* uphold the complaint in whole or in part
* dismiss the complaint in whole or in part.

If the complaint is upheld in whole or in part, the panel will:

* decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint
* where appropriate, recommend changes to the school’s systems or procedures to prevent similar issues in the future.

The Chair of the Panel will provide the complainant and <Academy Name> with a full explanation of their decision and the reason(s) for it, in writing, within 15 school days. Where appropriate, it will include details of actions <Academy Name> will take to resolve the complaint.

The letter to the complainant will include details of how to contact the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) if they are dissatisfied with the way their complaint has been handled by <Academy Name>.

The panel will ensure that those findings and recommendations are sent by electronic mail or otherwise given to the complainant and, where relevant, the person complained about and the Headteacher/Head of School.

A written record will be kept of all complaints, and of whether they are resolved at the preliminary stage or proceed to a panel hearing, along with what actions have been taken, regardless of the decision.

All correspondence statements and records relating to individual complaints will be kept confidential, except where the Secretary of State or a body conducting an inspection under section 109 of the 2008 Act requests access to them.

## Complaints escalated to / about the Trust, CEO or Trustee

If a complaint is escalated to a trustee or if a complainant wishes to complain directly about the Trust, then the complaint should be sent to the CEO to be investigated.

The CEO will write to the complainant acknowledging the complaint within 10 school daysof the date that the written request was received. The acknowledgement will confirm that the complaint will now be investigated under Stage 2 of this Complaints Policy (unless it has already been dealt with at Stage 3 by the school) and will confirm the date for providing a response to the complainant.

Following the investigation, the CEO will write to the complainant confirming the outcome within 15 school daysof the date that the letter was received. If this time limit cannot be met, the CEO will write to the Complainant within 15 school daysof the date that the letter was received**,** explaining the reason for the delay and providing a revised date.

If the complaint concerns the CEO or a trustee, the complaint should be investigated by the Chair of the Trust Board. If a formal complaint form is received about the Chair, the complaint will be referred to the Vice Chair for investigation.

*NB. Where the Chair of the DSAT Board has investigated the complaint, they will write the letter of outcome to the Complainant and provide a copy to the CEO.*

If the complainant is not satisfied with the outcome of the previous stage, the complainant should write to the Clerk to the DSAT Board asking for the complaint to be heard before a Complaint Panel, within 10 school days.

The Clerk will record the date the complaint is received and acknowledge receipt of the complaint in writing (either by letter or email) within 10 school days.

Requests received outside of this time frame will only be considered if exceptional circumstances apply.

The Clerk will write to the complainant to inform them of the date of the meeting. They will aim to convene a meeting within 15 school days of receipt of the Stage 3 request. If this is not possible, the Clerk will provide an anticipated date and keep the complainant informed.

If the complainant rejects the offer of three proposed dates, without good reason, the Clerk will decide when to hold the meeting. It will then proceed in the complainant’s absence on the basis of written submissions from both parties.

If the complaint is:

* jointly about the Chair and Vice Chair or
* the entire DSAT board or
* the majority of the DSAT board

The Complaint Panel will consist of three members. None of the three members of the Complaint Panel will have been involved in the incidents or events which led to the complaint, or have been involved in dealing with the complaint in the previous stages, of have any detailed prior knowledge of the complaint.

One of the Complaint Panel members will be independent of the management and running of the Academy Trust. This means that the independent Complaint Panel member will not be a trustee or an employee of DSAT.

A complainant may bring someone along to the panel meeting to provide support. This can be a relative or friend. Generally, we do not encourage either party to bring legal representatives to the panel meeting. However, there may be occasions when legal representation is appropriate.

For instance, if a DSAT employee is called as a witness in a complaint meeting, they may wish to be supported by union and/or legal representation.

*Note: Complaints about staff conduct will not generally be handled under this complaints procedure. Complainants will be advised that any staff conduct complaints will be considered under staff disciplinary procedures, if appropriate, but outcomes will not be shared with them.*

Representatives from the media are not permitted to attend.

Any written material will be circulated to all parties at least 5 school days before the date of the meeting. The panel will not normally accept, as evidence, recordings of conversations that were obtained covertly and without the informed consent of all parties being recorded.

The panel will also not review any new complaints at this stage or consider evidence unrelated to the initial complaint to be included. New complaints must be dealt with from Stage 1 of the procedure.

The meeting will be held in private. Electronic recordings of meetings or conversations are not normally permitted unless a complainant’s own disability or special needs require it. Prior knowledge and consent of all parties attending must be sought before meetings or conversations take place. Consent will be recorded in any minutes taken.

The panel will consider the complaint and all the evidence presented. The panel can:

* uphold the complaint in whole or in part
* dismiss the complaint in whole or in part.

If the complaint is upheld in whole or in part, the panel will:

* decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint
* where appropriate, recommend changes to the school’s systems or procedures to prevent similar issues in the future.

The Chair of the Panel will provide the complainant and the CEO/Chair of Trust with a full explanation of their decision and the reason(s) for it, in writing, within 15 school days.

The letter to the complainant will include details of how to contact the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) if they are dissatisfied with the way their complaint has been handled by DSAT.

The response will detail any actions taken to investigate the complaint and provide a full explanation of the decision made and the reason(s) for it. Where appropriate, it will include details of actions DSAT will take to resolve the complaint.

The panel will ensure that those findings and recommendations are sent by electronic mail or otherwise given to the complainant and, where relevant, the person complained about and the CEO/Chair of the trust.

A written record will be kept of all complaints, and of whether they are resolved at the preliminary stage or proceed to a panel hearing, along with what actions have been taken, regardless of the decision.

All correspondence statements and records relating to individual complaints will be kept confidential, except where the Secretary of State or a body conducting an inspection under section 109 of the 2008 Act requests access to them.

## Next Steps

If the complainant believes the school / DSAT did not handle their complaint in accordance with the published complaints procedure or they acted unlawfully or unreasonably in the exercise of their duties under education law, they can contact the ESFA after they have completed Stage 3.

The ESFA will not normally reinvestigate the substance of complaints or overturn any decisions made by <Academy Name>. They will consider whether <Academy Name> has adhered to education legislation and any statutory policies connected with the complaint and whether they have followed [Part 7 of the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2010/1997/schedule/1/made).

The complainant can refer their complaint to the ESFA online at: [www.education.gov.uk/contactus](http://www.education.gov.uk/contactus), by telephone on: 0370 000 2288 or by writing to:

Academy Complaints and Customer Insight Unit

Education and Skills Funding Agency
Cheylesmore House

5 Quinton Road

Coventry

CV1 2WT

## Complaint Form

Please complete and return to <…Name> (*either Headteacher/Head of School / Clerk / complaints co-ordinator)* who will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.

|  |
| --- |
| **Your name:** |
| **Pupil’s name (if relevant):** |
| **Your relationship to the pupil (if relevant):** |
| **Address:** **Postcode:****Day time telephone number:****Evening telephone number:****Email address:** |
| **Please give details of your complaint,** **including whether you have spoken to anybody at the school about it.** |
| **What actions do you feel might resolve the problem at this stage?** |
| **Are you attaching any paperwork? If so, please give details.** |
| **Signature:****Date:** |
| **Official use** |
| **Date acknowledgement sent:** |
| **By who:**  |
| **Complaint referred to:** |
| **Action taken:**  |
| **Date:**  |

##

## Roles and Responsibilities

### Complainant

The complainant will receive a more effective response to the complaint if they:

* explain the complaint in full as early as possible
* co-operate with the school in seeking a solution to the complaint
* respond promptly to requests for information or meetings or in agreeing the details of the complaint
* ask for assistance as needed
* treat all those involved in the complaint with respect
* refrain from publicising the details of their complaint on social media and respect confidentiality.

### Investigator

The investigator’s role is to establish the facts relevant to the complaint by:

* providing a comprehensive, open, transparent and fair consideration of the complaint through:
	+ sensitive and thorough interviewing of the complainant to establish what has happened and who has been involved
	+ interviewing staff and children/young people and other people relevant to the complaint where appropriate
	+ consideration of records and other relevant information
	+ analysing information
* liaising with the complainant and the complaints co-ordinator as appropriate to clarify what the complainant feels would put things right.

The investigator should:

* conduct interviews with an open mind and be prepared to persist in the questioning
* keep notes of interviews or arrange for an independent note taker to record minutes of the meeting
* ensure that any papers produced during the investigation are kept securely pending any appeal
* be mindful of the timescales to respond
* prepare a comprehensive report for the Headteacher/Head of School or complaints panel that sets out the facts, identifies solutions and recommends courses of action to resolve problems.
* The Headteacher/Head of School or complaints panel will then determine whether to uphold or dismiss the complaint and communicate that decision to the complainant, providing the appropriate escalation details.

### Complaints Co-ordinator

#### (this could be the Headteacher/Head of School or CEO / designated complaints local school board or trustee or other staff member providing administrative support)

###  The complaints co-ordinator should:

* ensure that the complainant is fully updated at each stage of the procedure
* liaise with staff members, Headteacher/Head of School, CEO, Chair of Local school boards, Chair of DSAT or the Clerk and to ensure the smooth running of the complaints procedure
* be aware of issues regarding:
	+ sharing third party information
	+ additional support. This may be needed by complainants when making a complaint including interpretation support or where the complainant is a child or young person
* keep records.

### Clerk to the Local school board / DSAT Board

The Clerk is the contact point for the complainant and the panel and should:

* ensure that all people involved in the complaint procedure are aware of their legal rights and duties, including any under legislation relating to school complaints, education law, the Equality Act 2010, the Freedom of Information Act 2000, the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR)
* set the date, time and venue of the meeting, ensuring that the dates are convenient to all parties (if they are invited to attend) and that the venue and proceedings are accessible
* collate any written material relevant to the complaint (for example: stage 1 paperwork, school and complainant submissions) and send it to the parties in advance of the meeting within an agreed timescale
* record the proceedings
* circulate the minutes of the meeting
* notify all parties of the panel’s decision.

### Panel Chair

The panel’s chair, who is nominated in advance of the complaint meeting, should ensure that:

* both parties are asked (via the Clerk) to provide any additional information relating to the complaint by a specified date in advance of the meeting
* the meeting is conducted in an informal manner, is not adversarial, and that, if all parties are invited to attend, everyone is treated with respect and courtesy
* complainants who may not be used to speaking at such a meeting are put at ease.
* the remit of the panel is explained to the complainant
* written material is seen by everyone in attendance, provided it does not breach confidentiality or any individual’s rights to privacy under the DPA 2018 or GDPR.

If a new issue arises it would be useful to give everyone the opportunity to consider and comment upon it; this may require a short adjournment of the meeting

* both the complainant and the school are given the opportunity to make their case and seek clarity, either through written submissions ahead of the meeting or verbally in the meeting itself
* the issues are addressed
* key findings of fact are made
* the panel is open-minded and acts independently
* no member of the panel has an external interest in the outcome of the proceedings or any involvement in an earlier stage of the procedure
* the meeting is minuted
* they liaise with the Clerk (and complaints co-ordinator, if the school has one).

### Panel Member

Panel members should be aware that:

* the meeting must be independent and impartial, and should be seen to be so

No local school board / trustee may sit on the panel if they have had a prior involvement in the complaint or in the circumstances surrounding it.

* the aim of the meeting should be to resolve the complaint and achieve reconciliation between the school and the complainant

We recognise that the complainant might not be satisfied with the outcome if the meeting does not find in their favour. It may only be possible to establish the facts and make recommendations.

* many complainants will feel nervous and inhibited in a formal setting

Parents/carers often feel emotional when discussing an issue that affects their child.

* extra care needs to be taken when the complainant is a child/young person and present during all or part of the meeting

Careful consideration of the atmosphere and proceedings should ensure that the child/young person does not feel intimidated.

The panel should respect the views of the child/young person and give them equal consideration to those of adults.

If the child/young person is the complainant, the panel should ask in advance if any support is needed to help them present their complaint. Where the child/young person’s parent is the complainant, the panel should give the parent the opportunity to say which parts of the meeting, if any, the child/young person needs to attend.

However, the parent should be advised that agreement might not always be possible if the parent wishes the child/young person to attend a part of the meeting that the panel considers is not in the child/young person’s best interests.

* the welfare of the child/young person is paramount.

## Appendix One

## Vexatious Complaints Procedure

The Trust, Headteacher/Head of Schools and Local School Boards are committed to the improvement of our schools. We welcome feedback from parents/carers and will always try to resolve any concerns as quickly as possible. Sometimes, however, parents or carers pursuing complaints or other issues treat staff and others in a way that is unacceptable and/or behave in an unacceptable manner.

Whilst we recognise that some complaints may relate to serious and distressing incidents, we will not accept threatening, inappropriate or harassing behaviour. The aim of this policy is to clarify the process for dealing with unreasonable complainants or parents who do not act appropriately.

## What do we mean by ‘an unreasonable complainant’?

An unreasonable complainant may be anyone who engages in unreasonable behaviour when making a complaint. This will include parents and carers who pursue complaints in an unreasonable manner and those who do not act in an appropriate manner towards staff at the school.

Unreasonable behaviour may include:

Actions which are;

* + - Out of proportion to the nature of the complaint, or
		- Persistent – even when the complaints procedure has been exhausted, or
		- Personally harassing, or
		- Unjustifiably repetitious or
		- Obsessive, harassing, or prolific
		- Prolific correspondence or excessive email or telephone contact about a concern or complaint.
		- Repetitious complaints where the complainant has no view about what would satisfy him/her and/or no intention to resolve the complaint.
		- Acting in a way not in line with the school aim of reaching a resolution and working with the school

An insistence on;

* + - Pursuing unjustified or unmeritorious complaints and/or
		- Unrealistic outcomes to unjustified complaints

An insistence on

* + - Pursuing justifiable complaints in an unreasonable manner e.g. using abusive or threatening language;
		- Making complaints in public; or
		- Refusing to attend appointments to discuss the complaint.

## What is ‘harassment’?

We regard harassment as the unreasonable pursuit of issues or complaints, particularly if the matter appears to be pursued in a way intended to cause personal distress rather than seek a resolution.

Behaviour will fall within the scope of this policy if:

* + - It appears to be deliberately targeted over a significant period of time at one or more members of school staff or others.
		- The way in which a complaint or other issues is pursued (as opposed to the complaint itself) causes ongoing distress to school staff or others;
		- It has a significant and disproportionate adverse effect on the school community.
		- Actions are pursued aggressively or in any manner not appropriate to an effective resolution

## What can you expect from the school?

Anyone who raises informal or formal issues and complaints with the school can expect the school to:

* + - Follow the School's complaints procedure
		- Respond within a reasonable time;
		- Be available for consultation within a reasonable time limit, bearing in mind the needs of pupils at the school and the nature of the complaint
		- Respond with courtesy and respect;
		- Attempt to resolve problems using reasonable means in line with the School’s complaints procedure, other policies and practice and in line with guidance from the Trust
		- Keep those involved informed of progress towards a resolution.

## What the school expects of you

The school expects anyone who wishes to raise concerns with the school to:

* + - Treat all staff with courtesy and respect
		- Respect the needs of pupils and staff within the school;
		- Never to use violence (including threats of violence) towards people or property;
		- Recognise the time constraints under which members of staff in schools work and allow the school a reasonable time to respond to a complaint;
		- Recognise that some problems may not be resolved in a short time;
		- Follow the complaints procedure.
		- Speak politely and respectfully using appropriate language and avoid any aggression or verbal abuse, including name-calling
		- Raise concerns/complaints in an appropriate place and at an appropriate time (for example not in front of other parents or pupils and not in an open public space)
		- To be prepared to work towards a resolution and in partnership with the school School’s responses to unreasonably persistent complaints, vexatious complainants, unreasonable complaints or harassment

This policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the complaints procedure. Taken together, these documents set out how we will always seek to work with parents, carers and others with a legitimate complaint to resolve a difficulty and reach a resolution.

However, in cases of unreasonably persistent complaints or harassment, the school/ trust may take any or all of the following steps, as appropriate:

* + - Inform the complainant informally that his/her behaviour is now considered by the school to be unreasonable or unacceptable, and request a changed approach;
		- Inform the complainant in writing that the school considers his/her behaviour to fall under the terms vexatious or unreasonable or harassment (see above);
		- Require all future meetings with a member of staff to be conducted with a third person present. In the interests of all parties, notes of these meetings may be taken;
		- Inform the complainant that, except in emergencies, the school will respond only to written communication.
		- Inform the complainant in writing that his/her behaviour is now considered to fall under the terms of this policy and that any complaint will not be investigated further until it is pursued in a manner the School considers to be reasonable
		- Place restrictions on the individual’s access to school and/or school staff.
		- Cease all correspondence and communication with the complainant other than that necessary for the health and safety of any child/adult in school.

The school has a duty of care to staff and pupils and will take emergency measures should these become necessary in extreme cases.

Physical or verbal aggression

The Trust will not tolerate any form of physical or verbal aggression or personal harassment against school staff. If staff are subject to this type of aggression the school may:

* Prohibit the individual from entering the school site, with immediate effect;
* Inform the individual that communication with them will cease other than in an emergency;
* Contact the police;
* Request an Anti-Social Behaviour Order (ASBO);
* Prosecute under Anti-Harassment legislation.

Time frame and Review

If a complainant’s harassing/persistent behaviour is modified and is then resumed at a later date within a reasonable period of time, the school may resume the process identified above. If a complainant’s harassing/persistent complaining behaviour is modified and the complaint still lies within the time limit specified within the Schools complaints policy, the School will use its discretion and may resume the investigation of the complaint. The School will review as appropriate, and at a minimum of once a year, any sanctions applied in the context of this policy

Legitimate new complaints, if not pursued in a harassing or unreasonable way, will still be considered, even if the person making them is (or has been) subject to the vexatious or persistent complaints policy. The school nevertheless reserves the right not to respond to communications from individuals subject to the policy.